

### **IN THE CLAIMS**

The following is a complete listing of the claims, which replaces all previous versions and listings of the claims. It is noted that the following claim listing incorporates the Examiner's Amendment of May 1, 2008, and that only the additional changes needed to correct minor errors in claims 63 and 65-70 resulting from the Examiner's Amendment are indicated by underlining and strikethrough.

1. (previously presented) A method for handling image data, the method comprising:

decomposing the image data into a plurality of data sets using lossless wavelet decomposition;

tessellating a plurality of the decomposed data sets of the plurality of data sets into a plurality of sub-band blocks;

compressing each tessellated block of the plurality of sub-band blocks using lossless compression;

compiling a data stream comprising the compressed plurality of sub-band blocks arranged sequentially in a desired order based upon the decomposition and tessellation, wherein the data stream comprises a plurality of data storage blocks, each data storage block including a plurality of spatially-equivalent sub-band blocks of the plurality of sub-band blocks and a respective address tag that uniquely identifies the plurality of spatially-equivalent sub-band blocks of each respective data storage block, wherein each respective address tag is stored within its data storage block to enable individual identification and retrieval of specific data storage blocks from the plurality of data storage blocks via the address tags of the specific data storage blocks;

storing the data stream on a server;

receiving a request for at least a portion of the data stream corresponding to an area of interest of an image to be displayed to a client, wherein the steps of decomposing,

tessellating, compressing, compiling, and storing are performed prior to receiving any request from the client for data of the data stream;

tracking the area of interest for later viewing by the client without storing a separate copy of the portion of the data stream corresponding to the area of interest;

providing a reference option to the client and receiving from the client an input indicative of a desire to reference mark the area of interest; and

reference marking the area of interest in response to the client input to facilitate later retrieval and/or analysis of the marked area of interest.

2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the lossless wavelet decomposition comprises lossless integer wavelet decomposition.

3. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein tessellating comprises using a fixed block size for the plurality of sub-band blocks.

4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein tessellating comprises addressing each tessellated block with a tessellation index for each dimension of tessellation.

5. (original) The method of claim 4, wherein addressing comprises providing a decomposition level index for identifying a desired set of the plurality of data sets.

6. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising selectively transmitting at least a portion of the data stream.

7. (previously presented) The method of claim 6, wherein selectively transmitting comprises selecting the portion based upon a desired set of the plurality of data sets and a desired group of the plurality of sub-band blocks encompassing a region of interest.

8. (original) The method of claim 7, wherein selecting the portion comprises identifying the desired set and each tessellated block of the desired group using an addressable function.

9. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the data stream comprises a header, which comprises characteristics of the decomposition, the tessellation, and the compression.

10. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the data stream comprises a resolution level index for each decomposed set, a tessellation row index for each tessellated block, and a tessellation column index for each tessellated block.

11. (presently presented) The method of claim 1, wherein reference marking the area of interest comprises reference marking the area of interest according to at least a tessellation index and a decomposition level index of each sub-band block of the area of interest.

12. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising storing the data stream based on indices to the decompositions and tessellations.

13. (previously presented) The method of claim 12, wherein storing the data stream comprises storing each of the compressed plurality of sub-band blocks in data groups based on the indices.

14. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the plurality of data sets correspond to a plurality of resolution levels.

15. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein decomposing the image data using lossless wavelet decomposition comprises creating a hierarchical set of sub-bands, one set comprising a low frequency component at a lowest resolution level and remaining sets comprising high frequency components at successively higher resolution levels.

16. (original) The method of claim 15, wherein compressing each tessellated block comprises compressing the high-frequency components using actual values, and further comprising compressing the low frequency component at the lowest resolution level using prediction errors.

17. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein compressing comprises dividing each tessellated block into subregions to be individually compressed based upon an entropy of each subregion.

18. (original) The method of claim 1, comprising reconstructing an image at least partially from the tessellated blocks.

19. (previously presented) A method for retrieving image data, the method comprising:

identifying data according to a decomposition level index and tessellation block indices, wherein the decomposition level index refers to data sets generated from an image by lossless wavelet decomposition, and the tessellation block indices refer to blocks tessellated from the data sets;

transmitting a data stream of the data identified by the decomposition level index and the tessellation block indices, the data stream comprising at least a portion of the data stream corresponding to at least one area of interest of an image to be displayed to a client, wherein the data stream is ordered based upon the decomposition level index and the tessellation block indices, is stored in a losslessly compressed form on a server independent of any request from the client for data of the data sets, and comprises a plurality of data storage blocks that each include a respective address tag embedded therein to facilitate identification and retrieval of particular data storage blocks from the plurality of data storage blocks via the address tags of the particular storage blocks;

tracking the area of interest for later viewing by the client without storing a separate copy of the portion of the data stream corresponding to the area of interest;

providing a reference option to the client and receiving from the client an input indicative of a desire to reference mark the area of interest; and

reference marking the area of interest in response to the client input to facilitate later retrieval and/or analysis of the marked area of interest.

20. (original) The method of claim 19, wherein the decomposition level index corresponds to a resolution level.

21. (original) The method of claim 19, comprising a plurality of the decomposition level indices.

22. (original) The method of claim 19, wherein the tessellation block indices comprise a row index and a column index for addressing spatial coordinates of the blocks.

23. (original) The method of claim 22, wherein the data stream is ordered based upon the spatial coordinates of the blocks.

24. (original) The method of claim 19, wherein transmitting the data stream comprises transmitting at least part of a desired one of the data sets identified by the decomposition level index, the desired one corresponding to an image resolution relatively higher than a locally stored one of the data sets.

25. (original) The method of claim 24, wherein transmitting the data stream comprises transmitting specific addressable groups of the blocks for the desired one.

26. (original) The method of claim 19, wherein the lossless wavelet decomposition comprises lossless integer wavelet decomposition.

27. (original) The method of claim 19, wherein the blocks tessellated from the data sets have a fixed block size.

28. (previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the data storage blocks each comprise tessellated sub-band data at one index set of the decomposition level index and the tessellation block indices.

29. (previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein at least one data storage block of the plurality of data storage blocks comprises an addressable data block comprising a plurality of tessellated sub-band blocks identified by the decomposition level index and the tessellation block indices.

30. (previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein reference marking the area of interest comprises reference marking the area of interest according to the decomposition level index and tessellation block indices to facilitate later retrieval and/or analysis of the marked area of interest by the client.

31. (previously presented) A method for handling image data, the method comprising:

decomposing the image data into a plurality of resolution levels using lossless wavelet decomposition;

tessellating at least part of one level of the plurality of resolution levels into a plurality of blocks;

compressing tessellated data for the at least part of one level of the plurality of resolution levels using lossless compression;

storing the tessellated and compressed data on a server by referencing the plurality of resolution levels and the plurality of blocks, wherein storing the tessellated and compressed data comprises grouping together a plurality of spatially-equivalent blocks of the plurality of blocks and storing the plurality of spatially-equivalent blocks in an

addressable data block comprising the plurality of spatially-equivalent blocks and an address tag uniquely identifying the addressable data block to facilitate individual identification and retrieval of the addressable data block from the tessellated and compressed data;

receiving a request from the client for at least a portion of the tessellated and compressed data corresponding to an area of interest of an image;

providing to the client the portion of the tessellated and compressed data corresponding to the area of interest;

providing a reference option to the client and receiving from the client an input indicative of a desire to reference mark the area of interest; and

reference marking the area of interest in response to the client input according to decomposition level and tessellation block indices to facilitate later retrieval and/or analysis of the marked area of interest.

32. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein the lossless wavelet decomposition comprises lossless integer wavelet decomposition.

33. (previously presented) The method of claim 31, wherein the plurality of resolution levels comprise a lowest resolution level having a low frequency component and a remaining plurality of resolution levels comprising high frequency components.

34. (original) The method of claim 33, wherein tessellating at least part of one level comprises tessellating only the high frequency components.



35. (original) The method of claim 33, wherein compressing comprises compressing the high frequency components using actual values and compressing the low frequency component of the lowest resolution level using prediction error values.

36. (original) The method of claim 31, further comprising accessing portions of the image data by addressing the tessellated and compressed data based on indices for the plurality of resolution levels and the plurality of blocks.

37. (previously presented) The method of claim 31, further comprising tracking the area of interest for later viewing by the client without storing a separate copy of the portion of the tessellated and compressed data corresponding to the area of interest.

38. (previously presented) A method of storing image data, the method comprising:

decomposing the image data into a plurality of resolution levels using lossless integer wavelet decomposition;

tessellating at least part of each decomposed level of the plurality of resolution levels into a plurality of spatial blocks;

storing data for the plurality of spatial blocks on a server as a plurality of addressable data blocks comprising indices for the resolution levels and spatial image blocks, wherein an addressable data block of the plurality of addressable data blocks comprises a plurality of spatially-equivalent blocks of the plurality of spatial blocks and an address tag uniquely identifying the addressable data block to facilitate individual identification and retrieval of the addressable data block from the stored data;

receiving a request from the client for at least a portion of the data for the plurality of spatial blocks corresponding to an area of interest of an image;

providing to the client the portion of the data for the plurality of spatial blocks corresponding to the area of interest;

providing a reference option to the client and receiving from the client an input indicative of a desire to reference mark the area of interest; and

reference marking the area of interest in response to the client input according to the indices to facilitate later retrieval and/or analysis of the marked area of interest.

39. (original) The method of claim 38, wherein the plurality of resolution levels comprise a lowest resolution level and a remaining plurality of resolution levels.

40. (original) The method of claim 39, wherein the plurality of resolution levels comprise a lowest resolution level having a low frequency component and a remaining plurality of resolution levels comprising high frequency components.

41. (original) The method of claim 40, wherein tessellating at least part of each decomposed level comprises tessellating the high frequency components.

42. (previously presented) The method of claim 38, further comprising tracking the area of interest for later viewing by the client without storing a separate copy of the portion of the data for the plurality of spatial blocks corresponding to the area of interest.

43. (original) The method of claim 38, wherein storing comprises ordering the plurality of addressable data blocks based on the indices.

44. (previously presented) The method claim 43, wherein storing comprises forming a data stream of the plurality of addressable data blocks.

45. (original) The method of claim 44, wherein forming the data stream comprises providing a header having decomposition statistics and tessellation statistics for the plurality of addressable data blocks.

46. (original) The method of claim 38, wherein storing comprises compressing each of the plurality of addressable data blocks.

47. (original) The method of claim 46, wherein compressing comprises compressing high frequency components of each of the plurality of resolution levels based upon actual values and compressing a low frequency component of a lowest resolution level of the plurality of resolution levels based upon prediction error values.

48. (original) The method of claim 38, further comprising accessing a desired portion of the plurality of spatial blocks based on the indices of the addressable data blocks.

49. (previously presented) A system comprising:

an interface comprising:

a decomposition module configured for decomposing image data using lossless wavelet decomposition to produce a plurality of data sets corresponding to a plurality of resolution levels ranging from a lowest resolution level to a highest resolution level;

a tessellation module configured for tessellating desired portions of the plurality of data sets into a plurality of spatial blocks prior to receipt of any request from a client for data of the image data; and

an addressing module configured for indexing the desired portions into a plurality of addressable data blocks based on the resolution levels and coordinates of the spatial blocks, each addressable data block including a plurality of spatially-equivalent blocks from the plurality of spatial blocks and an embedded address tag that uniquely identifies the respective addressable data block to facilitate individual identification and retrieval of a particular addressable data block from the plurality of addressable data blocks;

a transmission module configured to receive a request from the client for at least a portion of the plurality of spatial blocks corresponding to an area of interest of an image, and to transmit the portion of the plurality of spatial blocks to the client; and

a marking module configured to provide a reference option to the client, to receive from the client an input indicative of a desire to reference mark the area of interest, and to reference mark the area of interest in response to the client input according to the resolution level and the coordinates of the spatial blocks to facilitate later retrieval and/or analysis of the marked area of interest; and

a memory device configured to store the plurality of addressable data blocks.

50. (original) The system of claim 49, wherein the interface comprises a compression module configured for compressing each of the addressable data blocks.

51. (original) The system of claim 49, wherein the interface comprises a storage control module configured for storing each of the addressable data blocks individually on the memory device.

52. (original) The system of claim 51, wherein the image storage module comprises an ordering module configured for storing the addressable data blocks based on the coordinates of the spatial blocks and the resolution level.

53. (previously presented) The system of claim 49, wherein the transmission module is configured for transmitting a desired spatial portion and resolution level of the image data based on indices of the addressable data blocks, the indices comprising a resolution level index and at least two coordinate indices for the spatial blocks.

54. (previously presented) The system of claim 49, further comprising a tracking module configured to track the area of interest for later viewing by the client without storing a separate copy of the portion of the plurality of spatial blocks corresponding to the area of interest.

55. (original) The system of claim 49, further comprising one or more imaging systems.

56. (original) The system of claim 55, wherein the one or more imaging systems comprise an MRI system.

57. (original) The system of claim 55, wherein the one or more imaging systems comprise a computed tomography system.

58. (original) The system of claim 55, wherein the one or more imaging systems comprise a positron emission tomography system.

59. (original) The system of claim 55, wherein the one or more imaging systems comprise a radio fluoroscopy system.

60. (original) The system of claim 55, wherein the one or more imaging systems comprise a computed radiography system.

61. (original) The system of claim 55, wherein the one or more imaging systems comprise an ultrasound system.

62. (original) The system of claim 49, wherein the lossless wavelet decomposition comprises lossless integer wavelet decomposition.

63. (currently amended) A computer program ~~program~~ product comprising:  
a computer readable medium; and  
an image handling module stored on the computer readable medium, comprising:  
an image decomposition module configured for decomposing image data  
using lossless wavelet decomposition to produce a plurality of data sets

corresponding to a plurality of resolution levels ranging from a lowest resolution level to a highest resolution level;

a tessellation module configured for tessellating desired portions of the plurality of data sets into a plurality of spatial blocks independent of any request from a client for data of the plurality of data sets;

an addressing module configured for indexing the desired portions into a plurality of addressable data blocks based on the resolution levels and coordinates of the spatial blocks, each addressable data block including a plurality of spatially-equivalent blocks from the plurality of spatial blocks and an embedded address tag that uniquely identifies the respective addressable data block to facilitate individual identification and retrieval of a particular addressable data block from the plurality of addressable data blocks;

a transmission module configured to receive a request from the client for at least a portion of the plurality of spatial blocks corresponding to an area of interest of an image, and to transmit the portion of the plurality of spatial blocks to the client; and

a marking module configured to provide a reference option to the client, to receive from the client an input indicative of a desire to reference mark the area of interest, and to reference mark the area of interest in response to the client input according to the resolution level and at least one tessellation index to facilitate later retrieval and/or analysis of the marked area of interest.

64. (canceled)

65. (currently amended) The computer program ~~program~~ product of claim 63, wherein the image handling module comprises a compression module configured for compressing each of the addressable data blocks.

66. (currently amended) The computer program ~~program~~ product of claim 63, wherein the image handling module comprises a storage control module configured for storing each of the addressable data blocks individually on the machine readable medium.

67. (currently amended) The computer program ~~program~~ product of claim 63, wherein the image handling module comprises an access module configured for providing access to a desired spatial portion and resolution level of the image data based on indices of the addressable data blocks, the indices comprising a resolution level index and at least two coordinate indices for the spatial blocks.

68. (currently amended) The computer program ~~program~~ product of claim 67, wherein the access module comprises an ordering module configured for transferring the addressable data based on the indices.

69. (currently amended) The computer program ~~program~~ product of claim 63, wherein the image handling module comprises a tracking module configured to track the area of interest for later viewing by the client without storing a separate copy of the portion of the plurality of spatial blocks corresponding to the area of interest.

70. (currently amended) The computer program ~~program~~ product of claim 63, wherein the plurality of data sets comprise a lowest resolution data set having a low



frequency component and a remaining plurality of data sets comprising high frequency components.